The Department has a process for documenting design solutions that do not meet current VDOT and AASHTO design geometric standards in the form of design waivers and design exceptions that shall be submitted in accordance with LD-IIM-227. Any design exception not granted may be appealed to the Chief Engineer.

## ROADWAY WIDTH

Roadway width as referenced in this section is the portion of the highway, including graded shoulders, for vehicular use.

## DESIGN SPEED (V)

Design speed is defined as a speed determined for design and correlation of the physical features of a hi ghway that influence vehicle operation - the maximum safe speed maintainable over a specified section of highway when conditions permit design features to govern.

Except for local streets where speed controls are frequently included intentionally, <u>every</u> <u>effort should be made to use as high a Design Speed as practical</u> to attain a desired degree of safety, mobility, and efficiency within the constraints of environmental quality, economics, aesthetics, and social or political impacts (See 2011 AASHTO Green Book, Chapter 2).<sup>\*</sup>

The geometric tables indicate a design speed range, or a portion of a range, for each functional classification. The design speed range for each roadway classification is available in the AASHTO Green Book. The selection of the proper design speed to be used on a particular project is of primary importance in project development. The design speed selected should:

- be logical with respect to topography, anticipated operating speed, adjacent land use, and functional classification of the highway.
- be as high as practicable to attain a desired degree of safety, mobility and efficiency while under the constraints of environmental quality, economics, aesthetics and social or political impacts.
- be consistent with the speed a driver is likely to expect. Drivers do not adjust their speeds to the importance of the highway, but to their perception of the physical limitations and traffic.

Although the design speeds for rural highways are coupled with a terrain classification, terrain is only one of the several factors involved in determining the appropriate design speed of a highway.

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