

URBAN LOW SPEED DESIGN TABLE

DV/NC	MAX. f	C	Lr
45	0.161	2.75	140
40	0.178	3.00	120
35	0.197	3.25	120
30	0.221	3.50	100
25	0.252	3.75	90
20	0.300	4.00	90

LEGEND

- C- RATE OF CHANGE OF SIDE FRICTION (f) IN FT./SEC.³
- e- SUPERELEVATION RATE IN PERCENT.
- f- FRICTION FACTOR.
- Lr- LENGTH OF SUPERELEVATION RUNOFF SECTION.
- Lt- LENGTH OF TANGENT RUNOUT SECTION
- R- RADIUS OF CURVE.
- DV- DESIGN VELOCITY UTILIZING SUPERELEVATION.
- NC- MAXIMUM VELOCITY WITH NO SUPERELEVATION (NORMAL CROWN).

FRICTION FACTORS (f) FOR ODD VELOCITIES NOT LISTED SHOULD BE DERIVED BY INTERPOLATION.

FOR Lr LENGTHS FOR INTERMEDIATE VELOCITIES NOT LISTED IN TABLE USE THE Lr FOR NEXT LOWER VELOCITY IN TABLE.

GENERAL DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

1. WHEN "URBAN LOW SPEED" DESIGNS UTILIZE SUPERELEVATION, THEY WILL BE SUPERELEVATED BY AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE NORMAL CROWN (TYPICALLY 2%) AND THE APPROXIMATE MAXIMUM SAFE SPEED (DV) AFFORDED THEREBY.
2. WHEN "URBAN LOW SPEED DESIGN" WITH NO SUPERELEVATION, THE APPROXIMATE MAXIMUM SAFE SPEED (NC) IS CALCULATED USING A NEGATIVE NORMAL CROWN (TYPICALLY -2%).
3. WHEN THE CURVE IS SUPERELEVATED, THE Lr IS APPLIED IN THE SAME MANNER AS IN URBAN CONDITIONS WITH THE TANGENT RUNOUT SECTION (Lt) BEING EQUAL TO THE Lr VALUE. THE CROWN RUNOUT SECTION (Lt) IS ALWAYS ACHIEVED OUTSIDE OF THE TRANSITION (Lr).
4. PLEASE NOTE THAT THE RADIUS VALUES LISTED ON PAGE 801.20 HAVE BEEN ROUNDED UP TO THE NEAREST TWENTY FIVE FOOT INCREMENT.

EXAMPLES

DV = 21 mph

e = +2.1%

f = 300-[1/5(0.300-0.252)]=0.2904 (ROUND TO 0.29)

Lr = 47.2 f DV/C=47.2(0.29)(21)/4=71.862 FT.

= 71.862 <90 THEREFORE Lr=90 FT.

Rmin. = (21)²/15(0.021+0.29)=94.53376206 FT.

NC = 37 mph

e = -2.1%

f = 0.197-[2/5(0.197-0.178)]=0.1894 (ROUND TO 0.189)

Rmin. = (37)²/15(-0.021+0.189)=543.2539683 FT.

METHODOLOGIES FOR CALCULATING TC-5 VALUES FOR URBAN LOW-SPEED STREETS